

- סוג הבחינה: א. בגרות לבתי ספר על-יסודיים
ב. בגרות לנבחני משנה
ג. בגרות לנבחנים אקסטרניים
מועד הבחינה: חורף תשס"ט, 2009
מספר השאלון: 405,016106

אנגלית

שאלון ה'

(MODULE E)

גרסה א'

הוראות לנבחן

א. משך הבחינה: שעה ורבע

ב. מבנה השאלון ומפתח ההערכה: בשאלון זה שני פרקים.
פרק ראשון – הבנת הנקרא – 70 נקודות
פרק שני – הבנת הנשמע – 30 נקודות
סה"כ – 100 נקודות

ג. חומר עזר מותר בשימוש: מילון אוקספורד אנגלי-אנגלי-עברי
או: قاموس " هاراب " إنجليزي – إنجليزي – عربي
(מילון הראפס אנגלי-אנגלי-ערבי)

נבחן "עולה חדש" רשאי להשתמש גם במילון דו-לשוני: אנגלי-שפת-אמו /
שפת-אמו-אנגלי.

השימוש במילון אחר טעון אישור הפיקוח על הוראת האנגלית.

ד. הוראות מיוחדות:

- (1) עליך לכתוב את כל תשובותיך בגוף השאלון (במקומות המיועדים לכך).
- (2) כתוב את כל תשובותיך באנגלית ובעט בלבד. אסור להשתמש בטיפקס.
- (3) בתום הבחינה החזר את השאלון למשגיח.

הערה: גם נבחני משנה ונבחנים אקסטרניים חייבים להיבחן בפרק הבנת הנשמע.

ההנחיות בשאלון זה מנוסחות בלשון זכר ומכוונות לנבחנות ולנבחנים כאחד.

בהצלחה!

/המשך מעבר לדף/

PART I: ACCESS TO INFORMATION FROM WRITTEN TEXTS (70 points)

Read the report below and then answer questions 1-8.

RACING INTO SPACE

If you look up "space tourism" on the Internet these days, you may be surprised by what you find: There are currently numerous space tourism agencies worldwide, and more are opening up all the time. Some will take you on a brief trip above the Earth's atmosphere. Others will send you on a vacation in a space hotel, and still others are
5 planning space stations complete with museums and movie halls. All these businesses are attracting investors, who are prepared to risk hundreds of millions of dollars to build such futuristic projects.

"We're very excited about space tourism," says John Vale of Galaxy Travel. "We expect to be profitable within three years after we start operations." There is good reason for
10 such optimism. Even though the first flights are only scheduled for 2010, thousands of people in more than 30 countries have already paid as much as \$150,000 to \$200,000 for a trip into space.

Profits will come not only from the sale of tickets. "Before the flight, space tourists will have to receive several days of training," explains Vale. "We want their family and
15 friends to come to the training site too, where they will find an adventure park with flight simulators, restaurants where everyone can taste space food, and other unique attractions. In other words, we will offer space-related activities here on earth that will be almost as exciting as the experience in space."

Some experts predict that by 2015, as many as 17,000 tourists could be traveling to
20 space every year. But not everyone is thrilled by this prospect. Environmental groups are concerned about the pollution caused by rocket fuel. There's also the question of safety. "These tourist vehicles must be thoroughly tested before we can even talk about commercial operations," says Marco Caceres, a space industry specialist. "In space, anything can go wrong."

25 But the future space tourists are not deterred. Says Pierre Laronde, who signed up for a 2014 flight, "I'm certainly aware of the dangers, and I've thought about them. But I've never even considered not doing it."

(Adapted from "With Thousands Signing Up as Early Space Tourists, a New Race is On,"

International Herald Tribune, September 16, 2007)

QUESTIONS (70 points)

Answer questions **1-8** in English according to the report. In questions 1, 5, 7 and 8, circle the number of the correct answer. In the other questions, follow the instructions.

1. What point is made in the first paragraph regarding space tourism?

- (i) The Internet is the best place to find space tourism programs.
- (ii) The future of space tourism is uncertain.
- (iii) The field of space tourism is growing quickly.
- (iv) Not enough money is being invested in space tourism.

(7 points)

2. What is "a vacation in a space hotel" (line 4) an example of?

ANSWER:

(7 points)

3. Many people have signed up for trips into space. Why might this be surprising?

Give TWO reasons from TWO different paragraphs.

COMPLETE THE ANSWERS.

(1) Because trips into space

(2) Because trips into space

(2x9=18 points)

4. According to lines 8-12, John Vale is optimistic about space tourism. Copy a phrase or a sentence from another paragraph that explains this optimism.

ANSWER:

.....

(8 points)

5. What is explained in both the second and third paragraphs (lines 8-18)?

- (i) Which space activities are the most popular.
- (ii) What kinds of flights will be offered.
- (iii) Why space tourists need to receive training.
- (iv) How the space tourism agencies plan to make money.

(8 points)

6. What is special about the attractions planned for the adventure park? (lines 13-18)

ANSWER:

(6 points)

7. What is the subject of the fourth paragraph? (lines 19-24)

- (i) The objections to space tourism.
- (ii) Preparations for commercial flights.
- (iii) The opinions of industry specialists.
- (iv) Future plans for space tourism.

(8 points)

8. Pierre Laronde is quoted in order to show that space tourists (—). (lines 25-27)

- (i) know a lot about space
- (ii) are very enthusiastic
- (iii) are very worried
- (iv) need more information

(8 points)

Note: The exam continues on page 6.

PART II: ACCESS TO INFORMATION FROM SPOKEN TEXTS (30 points)

Answer questions 9-14 according to the broadcast. In questions 12 and 13, follow the instructions. In the other questions, circle the number of the correct answer.

(5 points for each correct answer.)

WHY ARE YOU ALWAYS LATE?

9. What does Dan want to show by telling his personal story?
- (i) Why type-B people don't sleep very well.
 - (ii) What kinds of problems type-B people have.
 - (iii) How type-B people feel during meetings and interviews.
 - (iv) What the B-society does for people like him.
10. According to Dan, what is typical of type-B people?
- (i) They need a lot of sleep.
 - (ii) They have a lot of energy.
 - (iii) They work better later in the day.
 - (iv) They are less productive.
11. What do we learn about the two types of people?
- (i) They can change their sleep patterns.
 - (ii) Not much research has been done on them.
 - (iii) More people are type A than type B.
 - (iv) Both types are not very common.

12. According to Dan, what causes people to be either type A or type B?

ANSWER:

13. What is the B-society of Denmark trying to achieve? Give ONE answer.

COMPLETE THE SENTENCE.

It wants to change

14. What advice does Dan give B-people?

- (i) Find a job that you enjoy.
- (ii) Try to change your sleep pattern.
- (iii) Work more hours a day.
- (iv) Accept yourself the way you are.

בהצלחה!

זכות היוצרים שמורה למדינת ישראל
אין להעתיק או לפרסם אלא ברשות משרד החינוך