

# פתרון בחינת הבגרות באנגלית

## שאלון ג' (MODULE C)

מספרי השאלון: 403 ,016104

**גרסה א'**

### מוגש על ידי:

אורית הולנדר, מיכל חכמון, גניה אטד,

נחמה מצנר, דנה דרורי וארז צרפתי

מורים לאנגלית ברשת בתי הספר של

יואל גבע

### הערות:

1. התשובות המוצגות כאן הן בגדר הצעה לפתרון השאלון.
2. תיתכנה תשובות נוספות, שאינן מוזכרות כאן, לחלק מהשאלות.

- א. סוג הבחינה: בגרות לבתי ספר על-יסודיים  
ב. בגרות לנבחני משנה  
ג. בגרות לנבחנים אקסטרנליים  
מועד הבחינה: תשס"ח, מועד ב  
מספר השאלון: 403,016104

## אנגלית

### שאלון ג'

(MODULE C)

### גרסה א'

### הוראות לנבחן

- א. משך הבחינה: שעה ורבע
- ב. מבנה השאלון ומפתח ההערכה: בשאלון זה פרק אחד: הבנת הנקרא – 100 נקודות
- ג. חומר עזר מותר בשימוש: מילון אוקספורד אנגלי-אנגלי-עברי או מילון הראפס אנגלי-אנגלי-ערבי; قاموس "ماراب" الإنجليزي – إنجليزي – عربي
- נבחן "עולה חדש" רשאי להשתמש גם במילון דו-לשוני: אנגלי-שפת-אמו / שפת-אמו-אנגלי.
- ד. הוראות מיוחדות:
- (1) עליך לכתוב את כל תשובותיך בגוף השאלון (במקומות המיועדים לכך).
  - (2) כתוב את כל תשובותיך באנגלית ובעט בלבד. אסור להשתמש בטיפקס.
  - (3) בתום הבחינה החזר את השאלון למשגיח.

ההנחיות בשאלון זה מנוסחות בלשון זכר ומכוונות לנבחנות ולנבחנים כאחד.

**בהצלחה!**

**ACCESS TO INFORMATION FROM WRITTEN TEXTS (100 points)**

הבנת הנקרא (100 נקודות)      فهم المقروء (100 درجة)

קרא את הקטע שלפניך, וענה על השאלות 10-1.      اقرأ القطعة التي أمامك، ثم أجب عن الأسئلة 10-1.

Read the report below and then answer questions 1-10.

**A STICKY PROBLEM**

by Norman Silver

One of the world's most common habits today is chewing gum. People spend more than four billion dollars on gum every year. But chewing gum is nothing new. People have been doing it for thousands of years, and it is considered a harmless habit.

5 However, chewing gum is harmful to the environment and recently it has become a serious pollution problem. A large percentage of gum is carelessly thrown away and ends up on city streets and sidewalks. In many cases, gum that sticks on sidewalks can remain there for 20 years because removing it is difficult and costly. In New York City, for example, special steam machines are used to clean gum off sidewalks. It costs about three dollars to remove one piece of gum!

10 In fact, gum pollution is getting worse because many people today chew gum instead of smoking in public. While it is very common for countries to have laws against smoking in public, it is unusual to have laws against chewing gum in public. Singapore is an exception. In order to eliminate the problems caused by gum, Singapore has laws making it illegal to sell gum or chew it in public. The laws are strictly enforced and  
15 anyone that is caught chewing gum in public has to pay a fine of a thousand dollars! Even tourists are not allowed to bring gum in their suitcases.

20 Scientists around the world are looking for a different kind of solution. Dr. Terrence Cosgrove has developed a new gum, called "Green Gum" that does not stick to sidewalks. He explains that "Green Gum" dissolves in water and does not harm the environment. If it does stick to a surface, it disappears within twenty-four hours. "Green Gum" is more expensive than regular gum, but Dr. Cosgrove hopes that people will be willing to pay the price in order to protect the environment. "Green Gum" seems to solve the gum problem without forcing people to give up their chewing habit.

(Adapted from "High-Tech Chewing Gum Could End Sticky Streets", NewScientist.com, 14 September 2007)

- ענה באנגלית על השאלות 1-10, על פי הקטע שקראת ועל פי ההוראות בשאלות. (100 נקודות)
- أجب بالإنجليزية عن الأسئلة 1-10، حسب القطعة التي قرأتها وحسب التعليمات في الأسئلة. (١٠٠ درجة)

Answer questions 1-10 in English according to the report and the instructions.

1. How do we know that chewing gum is very popular today? (lines 1-3)

ANSWER: **People spend more than four billion dollars on gum every year** .....  
(9 points)

2. COMPLETE THE SENTENCE. (lines 1-9)

Gum becomes a problem only when ..... **it pollutes / harms the environment** .....  
(10 points)

תשובות נוספות - ראה נספח

3. CIRCLE THE NUMBER OF THE CORRECT ANSWER. (lines 4-9)

What information is given about removing gum from the streets of New York?

i) How successful the cleaning is.

**ii)** How the streets are cleaned.

iii) How often the streets are cleaned.

iv) How people feel about it.

(9 points)

4. It is expensive to clean gum off New York's sidewalks. Give ONE fact from lines 4-9 that shows this.

ANSWER: **It costs about three dollars to remove one piece of gum** .....  
(9 points)

5. How have the laws against smoking affected the habit of chewing gum?

(lines 10-16)

ANSWER: **Many people today chew gum instead of smoking in public** .....  
(10 points)

6. (1) CIRCLE THE CORRECT ANSWER: YES or NO. (lines 10-16)

Do most countries have laws against chewing gum in public? YES / **NO**  
(3 points)

- (2) Copy the words that justify your answer.

ANSWER: **It is unusual to have laws against chewing gum in public**

(6 points)

7. CIRCLE THE NUMBER OF THE CORRECT ANSWER. (lines 10-16)

"... a thousand dollars" is mentioned in line 15 to show (—).

- i) that Singapore is expensive for tourists
- ii) that smoking in public can be expensive
- iii)** how chewing gum in public is punished
- iv) how costly it is to clean gum from streets

(10 points)

8. CIRCLE THE NUMBER OF THE CORRECT ANSWER. (lines 17-23)

Dr. Cosgrove is trying to (—).

- i)** eliminate the problems caused by chewing gum
- ii) help enforce laws against chewing gum in public
- iii) develop new machines to clean gum from streets
- iv) convince people to spend less money on gum

(9 points)

9. CIRCLE THE NUMBER OF THE CORRECT ANSWER.

In the last sentence the writer explains (—).

- i) the reason people chew gum
- ii) what "Green Gum" is made of
- iii)** one advantage of "Green Gum"
- iv) how to give up chewing gum

(9 points)

10. Name TWO ways mentioned in this report that help solve the gum pollution problem.

ANSWER: (1) **To have / Having laws against chewing gum in public**

(2) **"To chew / Chewing "Green Gum"**

(2×8=16 points)

תשובות נוספות - ראה נספח

**בהצלחה!**

זכות היוצרים שמורה למדינת ישראל  
אין להעתיק או לפרסם אלא ברשות משרד החינוך

**נספח**  
**שאלון ג'**  
**(MODULE C)**

**תשובות אפשריות נוספות**

**שאלה 2**

**Gum becomes a problem only when it is carelessly thrown away.**

**או**

**Gum becomes a problem only when it sticks on sidewalks.**

**שאלה 10**

**(1) Making it illegal to sell gum or chew it in public.**

**(2) fines**